GARY C. PETERS, MICHIGAN, CHAIRMAN

HOMAS R. CARPER, DELAWARE
MAGGIE HASSAN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
KYRSTEN SINEMA, ARIZONA
JACKY ROSEN, NEVADA
ALEX PADILLA, CALIFORNIA
JON OSSOFF, GEORGIA

ROB PORTMAN, OHIO
RON JOHNSON, WISCONSIN
RAND PAUL, KENTUCKY
JAMES LANKFORD, OKLAHOMA
MITT ROMNEY, UTAH
RICK SCOTT, ELODIDA

DAVID M. WEINBERG, STAFF DIRECTOR PAMELA THIESSEN, MINORITY STAFF DIRECTOR LAURA W. KILBRIDE, CHIEF CLERK

## United States Senate

**COMMITTEE ON** HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS WASHINGTON, DC 20510-6250

May 28, 2021

The Honorable Shalanda Young **Acting Director** Office of Management and Budget 725 17th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20503

Dear Acting Director Young:

The Administration released the President's Fiscal Year 2022 (FY 2022) Budget Request today, including the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) request. Secretary Alejandro Mayorkas also testified before the House and Senate Appropriations Committees regarding the DHS budget request earlier this week. As the Chair of the Emerging Threats and Spending Oversight Subcommittee, I look forward to reviewing the details of the full request. However, based on an initial review of today's document and the Secretary's testimony, I am concerned that the budget request for DHS is essentially flat, and as a result may not provide what is needed to address the myriad threats facing the United States today.

In particular, I am concerned that a flat DHS budget will not provide enough resources to address growing cybersecurity, border security and vetting, and violent extremism threats facing the United States. Even as federal agencies work to recover and bolster their defenses following the recent SolarWinds and Microsoft Exchange cyber attacks, news reports today indicate that federal agency systems have once again been targeted by foreign adversaries trying to implant software code that may give the hackers broad access to agency and organization computer systems. State and local government organizations also continue to be targeted by hackers, disrupting their ability to provide critical services to U.S. citizens, and I believe we must do more to help state and local agencies.

DHS is also grappling with a rise in violent extremism - from homegrown violent extremism, domestic terrorism threats, and threats to houses of worship. The Department needs resources to address these emerging threats while also continuing to counter international terrorist threats, particularly as United States forces in the Middle East return home. Finally, DHS has been facing a surge of immigrants at the southern border, and the Department must have the resources to properly vet individuals coming to the United States and enforce our border and immigration laws.

GARY C. PETERS, MICHIGAN, CHAIRMAN

THOMAS R. CARPER, DELAWARE
MAGGIE HASSAN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
KYRSTEN SINEMA, ARIZONA
JACKY ROSEN, NEVADA
ALEX PADILLA, CALIFORNIA
JON OSSOFF, GEORGIA

ROB PORTMAN, OHIO
RON JOHNSON, WISCONSIN
RAND PAUL, KENTUCKY
RAND PAUL, KENTUCKY
RON JOHNSON, WISCONSIN
RICH TORNING
MITT ROMNEY, UTAH
JON OSSOFF, GEORGIA
JOSH HAWLEY, MISSOURI

DAVID M. WEINBERG, STAFF DIRECTOR PAMELA THIESSEN, MINORITY STAFF DIRECTOR LAURA W. KILBRIDE, CHIEF CLERK

## United States Senate

**COMMITTEE ON** HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS WASHINGTON, DC 20510-6250

Maggie Harran

For these reasons, I would respectfully urge OMB to work with Congress to ensure that DHS receives all of the resources it needs to address these emerging threats.

With every good wish,

Maggie Hassan

Chair

**Emerging Threats and Spending Oversight Subcommittee**